# INTRODUCTION TO SACRED SCRIPTURE

The word Bible comes from the Greek word Biblia which means 'Books'. The Bible is a "collection of many and diverse books written by different authors over several centuries for different audiences... Although composed of many books, the Bible is, at the same time, one Book, because it contains one Revelation and has one divine Author." (Apologetics and Catholic Doctrine by Archbishop Michael Sheehan, revised by Fr. Peter Joseph, 2001, p 247)

So, what does the Church tell us about Sacred Scripture?

In order to complete this introductory study, you will read through <u>paragraphs 11-24 of</u>
<u>the Compendium of the Catechism of the Catholic Church and paragraphs</u>
<u>101-141 of the Catechism of the Catholic Church</u> and complete the SACRED
<u>SCRIPTURE RESPONSE SHEET (5 pages)</u>. The questions are in sections and tell you which paragraphs to read in order to find the answers.

The main focus is to read and understand what the compendium and the catechism tell us, not just to seek and find answers to the questions. It may be best to read through and reflect on paragraphs 11-24 and 101-141 before even looking at the questions.

You can download the relevant compendium and catechism pages from the diocesan website- 'Sacred Scripture Reading Material'

When completed please post your Response Sheet to:

PO Box 473
205 Tarcutta Street
Wagga Wagga 2650

If you need any help please do not hesitate to contact me 0429203047 or catechist@wagga.catholic.org.au

NAME:	PARISH:	DATE:	

# SACRED SCRIPTURE RESPONSE SHEET COMPENDIUM OF THE CATECHISM OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH

#### Read paragraphs 11-17

#### 1. Sacred Scripture

- a) Is the written form of the same proclamation of salvation as the living transmission of the word of God (Tradition)
- b) Is the written form proclaiming salvation, but differs from the living transmission of the word of God (Tradition)

#### Read paragraphs 18-24

# 2. Why is Sacred Scripture said to be inspired and to teach without error those truths which are necessary for salvation?

- a) Because the human authors knew what they were writing about and could not make a mistake
- b) Because God himself is the author of Sacred Scripture, the Holy Spirit inspired the human authors who wrote what he wanted to teach us

#### 3. The Church exhorts all to read Sacred Scripture

- a) Rarely, because you will hear the Readings at Mass each Sunday
- b) At prayerful gatherings when you are able to discuss what you have read with others
- c) Frequently because "Ignorance of the Scriptures is ignorance of Christ" (St Jerome)
- d) As often as possible, it is helpful to read the Bible

### CATECHISM OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH

# CHRIST- THE UNIQUE WORD OF SACRED SCRIPTURE Read paragraphs 101-104

### 1. Which of the following is NOT TRUE?

- a) In Sacred Scripture, the Church constantly finds her nourishment and her strength
- b) The Church welcomes Sacred Scripture not as a human word, but as the word of God
- c) The Church does not venerate the Scriptures
- d) One and the same Word of God extends throughout Scripture

#### INSPIRATION AND TRUTH OF SACRED SCRIPTURE

#### Read paragraphs 105-108

#### 2. Which of the following is NOT TRUE?

- a) God inspired the human authors of the sacred books making full use of their own faculties and powers therefore they are true authors consigning to writing what God wanted written and no more
- b) Christian faith is a "religion of the book"
- c) God is the author of Sacred Scripture
- d) The books of the Scripture firmly, faithfully and without error teach the truth

#### THE HOLY SPIRIT, INTERPRETER OF SCRIPTURE

Read paragraphs 109-114

Sacred Scripture must be read and interpreted in the light of the same Spirit by whom it was written.

- 3. The Second Vatican Council indicated three criteria for interpreting Scripture in accordance with the Spirit who inspired it. Which of the following IS NOT one of the criteria?
  - a) Be attentive to the content and unity of the whole Scripture
  - b) Read within the living Tradition of the whole Church
  - c) Be attentive to the imagery
  - d) Be attentive to the analogy of faith

#### THE SENSES OF SCRIPTURE

Read paragraphs: 115-119

#### 4. The two senses of Scripture are

- a) Literal and Imagery
- b) Literal and Spiritual
- c) Spiritual and Imagery

### 5. The 3 subdivisions of the Spiritual sense are:

- a) Allegorical, Moral and Anagogical
- b) Allegorical, Moral and Literal
- c) Allegorical, Anagogical and Literal
- d) Anagogical, Moral and Literal

6.	Match the	following b	y p	olacing th	e corres	ponding	g letter	in the	box
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a) The Letter	to faith
b) Allegory	our destiny
c) The Moral	speaks of deeds
d) Anagogy	how to act

#### THE CANON OF SCRIPTURE

Read paragraphs 120-130

7.	How many	books /	are in	the Old	and New	Testaments?
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- a) Old Testament 46 (45 if we count Jeremiah and Lamentations as one) & New Testament 28
- b) Old Testament 46 (45 if we count Jeremiah and Lamentations as one) & New Testament 25
- c) Old Testament 27 (26 if we count Jeremiah and Lamentations as one) & New Testament 46
- d) Old Testament 46 (45 if we count Jeremiah and Lamentations as one) & New Testament 27

8. List the following books as belonging either to the Old Testament or the New Testament in the table below. Ephesians, Luke, Judges, Proverbs, Micah, Philippians, 1 John, Psalms, Jeremiah, Galatians, Revelation (the Apocalypse), Jude, Song of Songs, Judith, Mark.

Old Testament	New Testament

9. Name the Four Gospels:	

10	The	Gospels	are the	heart	of all the	<b>Scriptures</b>	because
		CCSCCS	MIC IIIC	IIC GII	oi all lile	<b>5011010103</b>	

- a) They are in the middle of the Bible
- b) They are our principal source of the life and teaching of the Incarnate Word, our Saviour
- c) They are the first books of the New Testament
- d) They were written so close to the time of Jesus

#### 11. The order of the stages in the formation of the Gospels was:

- a) The written Gospels, the life and teaching of Jesus, the oral tradition
- b) The oral tradition of the apostles, the written Gospels, the life and teaching of Jesus
- c) The life and teaching of Jesus, the written Gospels, the oral tradition
- d) The life and teaching of Jesus, the oral tradition, the written Gospels

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12. Complete the sentence (it is in one	of the paragraphs you have read)						
"The New Testament liesin the New."	in the Old and the Old Testament is						
SACRED SCRIPTURE IN THE LIFE OF THE CHURCH Read paragraphs 131-133							
13. Complete this famous quote of St. Jerome (found in the passage you have just read)							
Ignorance of the	is ignorance of						

\*See the Page 6 to complete the final part of your introduction to Sacred Scripture

# **IN BRIEF**

# Read paragraphs 134-141

14. Complete the sentences b	y putting in the missing words.	
	out one, and that one book is all divine Scripture speaks of Christ, and all divine	
	(Hugh of St. Victor, De arca Noe 2, 8: PL 176, 642).	
-	contain the Word of God and, because they are ruly the Word of God" (Dei Verbum, 24).	
authors; he acts in them ar	cred Scripture because he inspired its the by means of them. He thus gives the the the his saving truth (cf DV 11).	at
what God wants to reveal	the inspired Scripture must be attentive above all to through the sacred authors for our salvation. What fully "understood except by the actions: PG 12, 320).	<b>n</b> '
138 The Church accepts ar Testament and the bo	nd as inspired the 46 books of the Old ooks of the New.	
139 The four Gospels occup	by a central place because Christ Jesus is their	
and his Revelation. The Old	staments proceeds from the of God's plan I Testament for the New and the New e Old; the two shed on each other; both God.	
141 "The Church has alway: Body of the Lord" (DV 21): b	s venerated the divine Scriptures as she venerated the both nourish and govern the whole life feet and a light to my path" (Ps 119:105; ls 50:4)	
SIGNED:	DATE:	