Keeping our kids safe

Resources guide

What is reportable conduct?

In NSW, reportable conduct is a sexual offence, sexual misconduct, ill-treatment of a child, neglect of a child, an assault against a child, an offence of failing to reduce or remove risk of child becoming victim of child abuse by another worker, or of concealing a child abuse offence (43B or 316A of the Crimes Act 1900) and behaviour that causes significant emotional or psychological harm to a child. For further information go to www.kidsguardian.nsw.gov.au/childsafe

Examples might include:

- Sexual assault of a child, or a child grooming offence, by a teacher or a volunteer (including before they started work/volunteering);
 - A teacher or a volunteer pushing or hitting a child; or
- Domestic violence or assault offences committed in the presence of a child allegations that a teacher or a volunteer was looking at pornography, making sexualised comments, or had sexually explicit communication with students (beyond reasonable sex education purposes).

What is mandatory reporting?

Mandatory reporting refers to the legal requirement of certain groups of people to report a reasonable belief of child physical or sexual abuse to child protection authorities. The Child Family Community Australia (CFCA) Resource Sheet can be found at http://aifs.gov.au/cfca/publications/cfca-resource-sheet/reporting-child-abuse-and-neglect

Examples might include:

- Suspicion on reasonable grounds, obtained during the course of or from the
 person's work, that a child is at risk of significant harm because of the presence to
 a significant extent of circumstances of: neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse,
 psychological abuse, risk of harm through exposure to domestic violence, and
 failure to engage with services after a pre-natal report.
- Abuse and neglect types that must be reported (physical abuse sexual abuse emotional/psychological abuse neglect exposure to domestic violence

For more visit: wagga.catholic.org.au



